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# FORM X-17A-5 PART III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	January 31, 2005  MM/DD/YY	_AND ENDING	December 31, 2005		
A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION					
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Veritage Group, LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	INESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	(No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.		
4 Megonko Road					
	(No. and Street)				
Natick	MA		760		
(City)	(State)	1	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Jane Morris McColl	ERSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS RE	PORT 508/416-1788		
			(Area Code – Telephone Number)		
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT v Morris & Morris, P.C.	vhose opinion is contained in t	his Report*			
	(Name - if individual, state last, firs	it, middle name)	<i>(</i> 0)		
32 Kearney Road	Needham Heights	MA /	02494		
(Address)	(City) I have been all	(State)	(Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:	JUL 1 0 2008		TO THE PARTY OF TH		
	THOMSON	( MAY	0,2 2006		
☐ Public Accountant	FINANCII	Mass			
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its possess	sions.	152/5/		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY			

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,, swear (or affirm) that, to the bes my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
my knowledge and benefine decompanying imaneral statement and supporting senedates pertaining to the fifth of	
Venitore Court IIC	, as
of December 31 , 20 05 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm)	
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any accou	
	Πt
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
Jane Morris Mc Co Signature Smanaging Direct	le
Signature	
the war of Disale	4.
Cornanaging nauch	v
Title /	
PATRICIA MONTGOMERY Notary Public Notary Pub	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	*
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	•
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
<ul> <li>□ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.</li> <li>□ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and t</li> </ul>	ha
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	16
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to method	ds of
consolidation.	10 61
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(i) All Gath of Affilhation.  (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(iii) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous	s audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

April 18, 2006

TO THE MEMBER VERITAGE GROUP, LLC 4 Megonko Road Natick, MA 01760

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Veritage Group, LLC as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, member's capital, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Veritage Group, LLC at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations, member's capital, and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

Money & Morea, P.C

32 Kearney Road • Needham Heights, MA 02494 • (781) 455-6900 • Fax (781) 455-6902





### **BALANCE SHEETS**

	December 31	
	<u>2005</u>	2004
<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Trade	\$ 46,877 2,653	\$ 157,962 35,414
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	49,530	193,376
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at Cost Less: Accumulated Depreciation	62,896 (40,116)	60,283 (30,053)
	22,780	30,230
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 72,310	\$ 223,606
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL		
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	\$ - 	\$ 15,469
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	271,760	15,469
MEMBER'S CAPITAL (DEFICIT)	(199,450)	208,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL	<u>\$ 72,310</u>	<u>\$ 223,606</u>





### STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years Ended December 31		
	2005	2004	
REVENUES	\$ 2,071,786	\$ 1,277,250	
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:			
Professional Expenses	509,295	533,970	
Retirement Plan Contribution	271,760	-	
Travel and Entertainment	34,535 20,9		
General and Administrative	27,468	12,743	
Depreciation	10,062	8,763	
Utilities	9,758	8,390	
TOTAL EXPENSES	862,878	584,830	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,208,908	692,420	
INTEREST INCOME	1,258	<u>170</u>	
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 1,210,166</u>	\$ 692,590	





### STATEMENTS OF MEMBER'S CAPITAL (DEFICIT)

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

			Accumulate	ed	
	Member's	Additional	Other		
	Capital	Paid-in	Comprehens	ive Retained	
	(Deficit)	Capital	Income (Los		Totals
Year Ended	<del></del>				
December 31, 2004					
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2004	\$(1,416,662)	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 1,399,289	\$ 57,627
Add: Capital Contributions	-	-	-	~	-
Add: Net Income	-	-	-	692,590	692,590
Deduct: Distribution to Member	(542,080)				(542,080)
	#/1 050 <b>7.10</b> \	<b># # 6</b> 000	Ф	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	A 200 127
Ending Balance, December 31, 2004	<u>\$(1,958,742)</u>	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 2,091,879	<u>\$ 208,137</u>
Year Ended					
<u>December 31, 2005</u>					
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2005	\$(1,958,742)	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 2,091,879	\$ 208 137
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2005	\$(1,938,742)	\$ 75,000	Φ -	\$ 2,091,079	\$ 200,137
Add: Capital Contributions	_	_	_	_	_
Add. Capital Controlations					
Add: Net Income	-	-	-	1,210,166	1,210,166
				, ,	, ,
Deduct: Distribution to Member	(1,617,753)	-	<b>-</b>		(1,617,753)
				<del></del>	· <del></del> /
Ending Balance, December 31, 2005	<u>\$(3,576,495</u> )	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,302,045</u>	<u>\$(199,450)</u>





### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31		
	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Reid for Operating Evapores	\$ 2,104,547	\$ 1,267,955	
Cash Paid for Operating Expenses Interest Income Received	(596,525) 1,258	(576,067) 170	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,509,280	692,058	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash Paid for Property and Equipment	(2,612)	(16,626)	
Net Cash (Used for) Investing Activities	(2,612)	(16,626)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash Distributed to Member	(1,617,753)	(542,080)	
Net Cash (Used for) Financing Activities	(1,617,753)	(542,080)	
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(111,085)	133,352	
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	157,962	24,610	
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	<u>\$ 46,877</u>	<u>\$ 157,962</u>	





### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

	Years Ended December 31	
	<u>2005</u> <u>200</u>	
RECONCILIATIONS OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Total Income	<u>\$ 1,210,166</u>	\$ 692,590
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	10,062	8,763
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable - Trade	32,761	(25,414)
Decrease in Deposit	-	650
Increase in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	256,291	15,469
Total Adjustments	299,114	(532)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 1,509,280</u>	\$ 692,058





#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

### A. THE COMPANY AND NATURE OF ITS OPERATIONS:

The Limited Liability Company was organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on February 29, 1996, for the principal purpose of engaging in the business of placing private securities with institutional investors. The latest date for the dissolution of the LLC is March 20, 2026.

#### B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

### 1. Methods of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, using the accrual-basis method of accounting. The Company utilizes the cash-basis method of accounting for income tax reporting purposes.

### 2. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years then ended. Actual results and amounts may differ from the estimates made in the preparation of these financial statements.

### 3. Cash and Equivalents

The Company invests certain cash in excess of operating requirements into money market accounts of financial institutions. The carrying amounts approximate fair market value because of the short-term nature of these securities. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all short-term cash investments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents.





### VERITAGE GROUP, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

### B. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

### 4. Uncollectible Accounts

For financial reporting purposes, the Company utilizes the reserve method to account for possible uncollectible accounts. Accounts deemed to be uncollectible are written off in the year that the account becomes uncollectible. The direct write-off method is utilized for income tax reporting purposes.

### 5. Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment is recorded at cost. Major replacements and betterments to equipment are capitalized, whereas routine maintenance, repairs and minor replacements are charged as incurred.

The Company utilizes the straight-line method in computing depreciation expense for financial reporting purposes, while utilizing various accelerated methods in computing depreciation expense for tax reporting purposes. Depreciation expense is computed using the estimated lives of individual assets as follows:

Number
of Years

Office Furniture and Equipment

5-7

#### 6. Federal and State Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a Limited Liability Company (LLC). Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the single-member LLC is treated as a Sole Proprietorship for income tax reporting purposes and, accordingly, is not subject to income taxes. Income or losses of the Company are includable in the Member's individual income tax returns.





#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

### C. <u>CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK</u>:

During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company performed a significant amount of work for four (4) unrelated customers. The amounts related to these significant customers included in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income and balance sheets are as follows:

	Revenues for the Years Ended December 31		Ac	counts as Decem	of	
	<u>2005</u>	2004	20	<u>005</u>	2	2004
Customer A	\$ 768,811	\$ 833,333	\$	-	\$	-
Customer B	401,225	191,719		-		258
Customer C	351,563	60,000		-		-
Customer D	351,563	-		-		-

The Company maintains its cash in various accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash.

### D. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both, as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had net capital of \$46,877 and \$142,493, respectively. These amounts are in excess of its required net capital. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 5.8 to 1 and 0.11 to 1, respectively. In addition, the Company has informally agreed with the NASD that it will maintain minimum net capital of \$6,000.

#### E. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN:

During 2005, the Company adopted an employee benefit plan, pursuant to Section 412(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all of its qualified employees. Retirement plan contributions were \$271,760 for the year ended December 31, 2005.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Our audits of the financial statements of Veritage Group, LLC at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and for the years then ended, were intended primarily for the purpose of formulating an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The additional information presented in the following pages has been taken primarily from accounting and other records of the Company and is not necessary for fair presentation of its financial position, results of its operations or its cash flows in order to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The additional information has not been subjected to tests and other auditing procedures sufficient to enable us to express an opinion as to the fairness of the details included therein and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the additional information.

Certified Public Accountants

Monds + Monds, P.C.

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### Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

	Decem	December 31	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	
Net Capital:			
Total Member's Capital (Deficit)	<u>\$ (199,450</u> )	<u>\$ 208,137</u>	
Add: Discretionary Liability	271,760		
Deduct Nonallowable Assets:			
Accounts Receivable	2,653	35,414	
Property and Equipment, Net	22,780	<u>30,230</u>	
	25,433	65,644	
Net Capital	<u>\$ 46,877</u>	<u>\$ 142,493</u>	
Aggregate Indebtedness	\$	<u>\$ 15,469</u>	
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement: Minimum Net Capital required - 6 2/3% of total			
aggregate indebtedness, but not less than \$5,000	\$ 5,000	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	
Excess of Net Capital over Requirement	<u>\$ 41,877</u>	<u>\$ 137,493</u>	
Excess Net Capital at 1000% (Net Capital - 10% of			
Aggregate Indebtedness)	<u>\$ 46,877</u>	<u>\$ 140,946</u>	
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	0 to 1	<u>0.11 to 1</u>	

NOTE: At December 31, 2005, Accrued Expenses of \$271,760 for Retirement Plan Contributions were considered to be discretionary, and were added back to Member's Capital for purposes of the Computation of Net Capital, and were excluded from Aggregate Indebtedness. See page 12 for reconciliation with Preliminary Focus Report.





### Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

A reconciliation of amounts reported in the Preliminary Focus Report, and audited amounts is below:

	December 31	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Member's Capital Reported in Preliminary Focus Report	\$ 85,507	\$ 211,002
Additional 2005 Checks Written in 2005; Recorded After Preliminary Filing	(270)	-
2004 Year-End Adjustments to Capitalize Fixed Assets and Record Depreciation Expense	(2,865)	(2,865)
2005 Year-End Adjustment to Record Depreciation Expense	(10,062)	
Total Member's Capital	<u>\$ 72,310</u>	<u>\$ 208,137</u>
Non-Allowable Assets Reported in Preliminary Focus Report	38,360	68,509
2004 Year-End Adjustments to Capitalize Fixed Assets and Record Depreciation Expense	(2,865)	(2,865)
2005 Year-End Adjustment to Record Depreciation Expense	(10,062)	
NON-ALLOWABLE ASSETS	<u>\$ 25,433</u>	\$ 65,644
NET CAPITAL	\$ 46,877	<u>\$ 142,493</u>

NOTE: At December 31, 2005, Accrued Expenses of \$271,760 for Retirement Plan Contributions were considered to be discretionary, and were added back to Member's Capital for purposes of the Computation of Net Capital, and were excluded from Aggregate Indebtedness.





### **EXEMPTION UNDER RULE 15c3-3**

Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

The Company claims exemption under the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)2(i), since the Company is a broker/dealer engaged in the business of raising funds for private placements.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To The Member Veritage Group, LLC

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements of Veritage Group, LLC (the Company) for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures, for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Veritage Group, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g): (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph; and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

(Continued)

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or in the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur, and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 and 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives. In addition, the Company was in compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 at December 31, 2005 and 2004; and, further, no facts came to our attention indicating that the Company was not in compliance with such conditions during the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Mornis+ Mornis, PC

